Figure 1: TASK Study Patient Flow Diagram

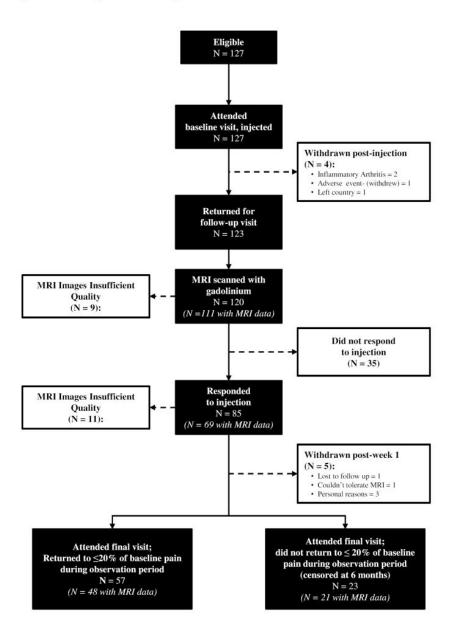


Figure 2: Gadolinium-Enhanced MRI of Patient from the TASK Study, Showing Synovial Tissue and Fluid Differentiation

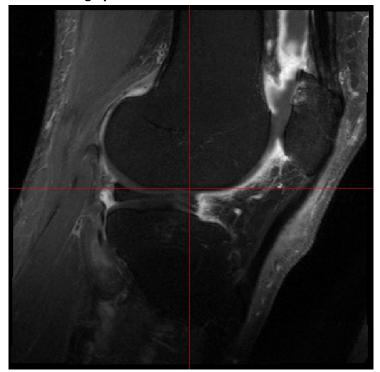


Figure 3: Relationship between KOOS Pain Subscale Score and Synovial Tissue Volume (STV).

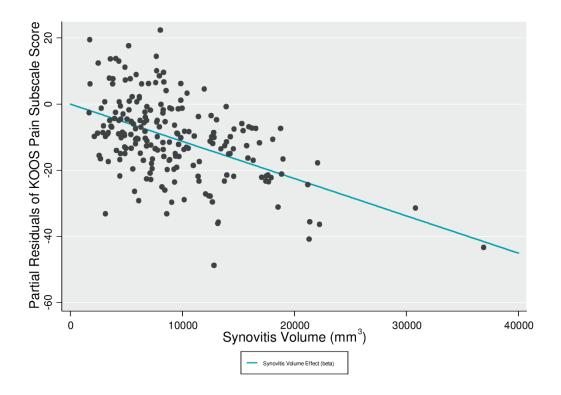


Figure above is a partial-residual plot from a fixed-effects panel model with KOOS pain subscale score as the outcome variable, STV, and study visit (coded as dummy variables) as the predictor variables, and subject ID as the fixed-effects estimator. Formally written, this model is  $y_{it} = X_{it1}\beta + X_{it2}\beta + \alpha_i + u_{it}$ , where  $y_{it}$  = KOOS pain subscale score,  $X_{it1}$  = synovial tissue volume (STV),  $X_{it2}$  =study visit (coded as dummy variables),  $\alpha_i$  = subject, and  $u_{it}$  = error. The line depicts the partial coefficient (b) for STV, shown in Table 4.