Supplementary Figure 1: sIL7R concentrations in control and SLE urine samples. sIL7R urine concentrations were measured in spot urine samples from two independent populations (A: 23 SLE nephritis patients and 35 controls; B: 18 SLE nephritis patients and 9 controls). sIL7R/creatinine normalized ratios are also displayed in B. 10 out of 23 patients in A were under immunosuppressive therapy. All patients in B were treated; however, 5 of them still had a SLEDAI > 8, due to SLE nephritis activity. p values were calculated using Student’s t-tests. NS: not significant. There was no significant correlation between urinary sIL7R and SLEDAI scores. However, there was a significant correlation between sIL7R and proteinuria ($r = 0.57$, $p = 0.01$; data not shown).