2. B cells

A27 TAKAYASU'S ARTERITIS CHARACTERISED BY **DISTURBANCES OF B CELL HOMEOSTASIS RESPONDS** TO B CELL DEPLETION WITH RITUXIMAB

B F Hoyer, K Loddenkemper, I M Mumtaz, A Bruns, C Sengler, K-G Hermann, S Maza, R Keitzer, G-R Burmester, F Buttgereit, A Radbruch, F Hiepe Department of Internal Medicine, Charité University Medicine Berlin, Rheumatology and Clinical Immunology, Germany

10.1136/ard.2010.129585a

Takayasu's arteritis (TA) is a large vessel vasculitis of unknown origin involving the aorta and its major branches. T cell mediated autoimmunity is thought to play a major role in its pathogenesis. Based on findings in one patient with highly active disease we analysed for the first time the B cell compartment of patients with TA and could show that marked expansion of plasma cells can be found that correlates with disease activity and therefore qualifies as a novel biomarker. In addition treatment with the B cell depleting agent Rituximab proved to be successful in refractory patients. Therefore the role of B cells in TA needs to be reconsidered.